## Features

- Voltage Supply: 3.0 V to 5.5 V
- Advanced CMOS technology
- Schmitt Trigger Inputs
- Tri-State Outputs
- ESD rating HBM: 2000V, Class 2
- Operational environment:
- Total dose: 1 Mrad(Si)
- Latchup immune (LET <= $100 \mathrm{MeV}-\mathrm{cm} 2 / \mathrm{mg}$ )
- Packaging:
- 20-lead flatpack
- Standard Microelectronics Drawing (SMD) - 5962-15239
- QML Q, V


## Introduction

The UT54ACS2S99S is CAES Dual, Sequential, ManyGate Configurable Logic Gate with Schmitt Trigger inputs and Tri-State outputs. The output-enable pin /OE1(2) is active LOW. The logic state of the 4 inputs determines the output state when /OE1(2) is LOW. When /OE1(2) is HIGH, the outputs are disabled. Setting /CLR1(2) to LOW drives output Y1(2) LOW. Setting /PRE1(2) to LOW drives the output on Y1(2) HIGH.

The ManyGate device logic functions are pin configurable by applying either a logic HIGH (VDD) or LOW (VSS) to the logic input pins as noted. The combinatorial logic function for each block, as shown in Figure 1, is determined by the input logic configuration as per Tables 2-11. The D-Flip Flop D input is transferred to the Q output (Y1) on the positive-going CLK1 edge (1F99S). The D-Transparent Latch D input is latched at the Q output (Y2) when CLK2 is LOW (1L99S). The Latch is transparent when CLK2 is HIGH.

Configuring the respective combinatorial logic blocks as a non-inverting buffer provides either a single D-Flip flop (1F99S), or transparent latch (1L99S).


Figure 1. UT54ACS2S99S Options Block Diagrams; Left: 1F99 D-Flip Flop Gate1; Right: 1 L99 Transparent Latch Gate2

Dual, Sequential, ManyGate Configurable Logic Gate

## UT54ACS2S99S

## 1 Pin Definition/Description

## Table 1. Pin Naming

| Pin No. | Name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 3,13 | /OEn | Active LOW output enable |
| 5,15 | An | A input |
| 6,16 | Bn | B input |
| 7,17 | Cn | C input |
| 8,18 | Dn | D input |
| 9,19 | nQ | 3-State Output |
| 1 | /CLRn | Clear active LOW |
| 2 | CLKn | Preset active LOW |
| 4,14 | V DD | VSS |
| 20 | NC | Power supply pin |
| 10 |  | Ground pin |
| 11,12 |  | Electrically unconnected on package |



Figure 2. UT54ACS2S99S Pinout Diagram

Dual, Sequential, ManyGate Configurable Logic Gate
UT54ACS2S99S

2 Functional Truth Tables and Operational Modes
Table 2. Combinatorial Truth Table An, Bn, Cn, Dn to input (Din) of Storage Element

| Dn | Cn | Bn | An | Output to $\mathrm{D}_{\text {IN }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | L | L | L | L |
| L | L | L | H | H |
| L | L | H | L | L |
| L | L | H | H | H |
| L | H | L | L | L |
| L | H | L | H | L |
| L | H | H | L | H |
| L | H | H | H | H |
| H | L | L | L | H |
| H | L | L | H | L |
| H | L | H | L | H |
| H | L | H | H | L |
| H | H | L | L | H |
| H | H | L | H | H |
| H | H | H | L | L |
| H | H | H | H | L |

Table 3. Functional State Table for 1F99S D-Flip Flop

| Inputs |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $/$ OE1 | $/$ PRE | CLR | CLK | A1, B1, C1, D1 | 1Q |
| L | L | H | X | X | H |
| L | H | L | X | X | L |
| L | L | L | X | X | $\mathrm{H}^{1}$ |
| L | H | H | $\uparrow$ | Per Table 2 | $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ |
| L | H | H | L | X | $\mathrm{Q}_{0}$ |
| H | X | X | X | X | Z |

## Note:

1) The output levels in this configuration are not guaranteed to meet the minimum levels for $V_{\text {or }}$ if the lows at preset and clear are near $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ maximum. In addition, this configuration is non-stable; that is, it will not persist when either preset or clear returns to its inactive (high) level.

Table 4. Functional State Table for 1L99S Transparent Latch

| Combination of Inputs |  |  | Output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $/$ CE2 | CLK2 | $(A 2, B 2$, C2, D2) | $2 Q$ |
| L | H | Per Table 2 | $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ |
| L | L | X | $\mathrm{Q}_{0}$ |
| H | X | X | Z |

## 3 Applications Info For 1F99 and 1L99 Options

Table 5. Equivalent Logic Functions Created from Table 2

| Primary Logic Function | Complementary Logic Function | Table |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 3-state buffer |  | 6 |
| 3-state inverter |  | 7 |
| 3-state 2-in-1 data selector MUX |  | 8 |
| 3-state 2-in-1 data selector MUX, inverted out |  | 8 |
| 3-state 2-input AND | 3-state 2-input NOR, both inputs inverted | 9 |
| 3-state 2-input AND, one input inverted | 3-state 2-input NOR, one input inverted | 9 |
| 3-state 2-input AND, both inputs inverted | 3-state 2-input NOR | 9 |
| 3-state 2-input NAND |  | 12 |
| 3-state 2-input NAND, one input inverted | 3-state 2-input OR, one input inverted | 13 |
| 3-state 2-input NAND, both inputs inverted | 3-state 2-input OR | 14 |
| 3-state 2-input XOR |  | 15 |

Table 6. 3-State Buffer Functions

| Function | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-State Buffer | Input | X | L | L |
|  | X | Input | H | L |
|  | L | H | Input | L |
|  | H | L | Input | H |
|  | H | X | L | Input |
|  | X | L | H | Input |
|  | L | L | X | Input |

Table 7. 3-State Inverter Buffer Functions

| Function | A | B | c | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-State inverter buffer /OEn <br> A, B, C, D | Input | X | L | H |
|  | X | Input | H | H |
|  | L | H | Input | H |
|  | H | L | Input | L |
|  | H | X | L | Input |
|  | X | H | H | Input |
|  | H | H | X | Input |

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Table 8. 3-State MUX Functions

| Function | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-State 2-to-1, Data Selector Mux | Input 1 or Input 2 | Input 1 or Input 2 | Input 1 or Input 2 | L |
| 3-State 2-to-1, Data Selector Mux, Inverted Out | Input 1 or Input 2 | Input 1 or Input 2 | Input 1 or Input 2 | H |

Table 9. 3-State AND/NOR Functions

| \# ${ }^{\text {N }}$ | AND | NOR | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & L \\ & L \end{aligned}$ | Input 1 Input 2 | Input 2 Input 1 | LL |
| 2 |  |  | Input 2 <br> H |  | Input 1 Input 2 | LH |
| 2 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Input } 1 \\ \mathrm{H} \end{gathered}$ | Input 2 | Input 2 <br> Input 1 | LH |
| 2 |  |  | Input 1 Input 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | Input 2 <br> Input 1 | HH |

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Table 10. 3-state AND/NAND Functions

| \# IN | NAND | OR | A | B | C | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & L \\ & L \end{aligned}$ | Input 1 Input 2 | Input 2 <br> Input 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 |  |  | Input 2 <br> H |  | Input 1 Input 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 |  |  | Input 1 <br> H |  | Input 2 <br> Input 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 |  |  | Input 1 Input 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ | Input 2 <br> Input 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ |

Table 11. 3-State XOR/XNOR Functions

| \#IN | XOR/XNOR Function | A | B | C | D |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 4 Operational Environment

Table 12. Radiation

| Parameter | Limit | Units |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total Ionizing Dose (TID) | 1.0 E 6 | $\mathrm{rad}(\mathrm{Si})$ |
| Single Event Latchup (SEL) | $>100$ | $\mathrm{MeV}-\mathrm{cm}^{2} / \mathrm{mg}$ |
| Neutron Fluence ${ }^{1}$ | 1.0 E 13 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$ |

## Note:

1) Guaranteed By Characterization

## 5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 13. Absolute Maximum Ratings Table ${ }^{1}$

| Symbol | Parameter | Limit | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Positive Output Supply Voltage | -0.3 to 7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IO}}$ | Voltage on an Input pin during operation | -0.3 to $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}}$ | DC input/output Current | $+/-10$ | mA |
| $\Theta_{\mathrm{JC}}$ | Thermal resistance, junction-to-case | 15 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{J}}$ | ${\text { Junction Temperature }{ }^{2}}{ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{STG}}$ | Storage Temperature | $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{C}$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}{ }^{3} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Maximum package power dissipation permitted at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 | W |

## Notes:

1) Stresses outside the listed absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond limits indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not recommended. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability and performance.
2) Maximum junction temperature may be increased to $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ during burn-in and life test.
3) Test per MIL-STD-883, Method 1012.

## 6. Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 14. Recommended Operating Conditions Table

| Symbol | Parameter | Limit | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ | Positive Output Supply Voltage | 3.0 to 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Input Voltage on any pin | 0.0 to VDD | V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}$ | Case Temperature Range | -55 to +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{R},} \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{F}}$ | Input Rise/Fall time $\left(0.1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}-0.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}\right)$ | $<1$ | sec |

## 7 3.3V DC Characteristics

( $\mathrm{V} D \mathrm{D}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V},-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}<\mathrm{Tc}<+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); Unless otherwise noted, Tc is per the temperature range ordered
For devices procured with a total ionizing dose tolerance guarantee, the post-irradiation performance is guaranteed at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ per MIL-STD-883 Method 1019, Condition A up to the maximum TID level procured.

Table 15. 3.3V DC Electrical Characteristics Table,,

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | MIN | MAX | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T+ }}$ | Positive going input voltage threshold ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | $0.7 * V_{\text {DD }}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T- }}$ | Negative going input voltage threshold ${ }^{1}$ |  | $0.3 * V_{\text {DD }}$ |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Hysteresis Voltage |  | 0.3 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low-level output voltage ${ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 0.25 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High-level output voltage ${ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{IOH}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $V_{D D}-0.25$ |  | V |
| IIN | Input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | -1 | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Ios | Output Short Circuit Current 3,4 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | -200 | +200 | mA |
| IoL | Low level output current (sink) ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}=0.4 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 8 |  | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OH }}$ | High level output current (source) ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}} & =\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OH}} & =\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}-0.4 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | -8 |  | mA |
| Ioz | Output Three-State Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | -5 | +5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {DQQ }}$ | Quiescent Supply Current Pre-Rad (Device Type 01 \& 02) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{I N}=V_{D D} \text { or } V_{S S} \\ & V_{D D}=V_{D D} M A X \end{aligned}$ |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | Quiescent Supply Current Post-Rad (Device Type 01) |  |  | 25 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | Quiescent Supply Current Post-Rad (Device Type 02) |  |  | 130 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $P_{\text {total }}$ | Power dissipation ${ }^{\text {5,6 }}$ | $C_{L}=78 p F$ |  | 3.5 | mW/MHz |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input capacitance ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | 15 | pF |
| Cout | Output capacitance ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | 15 | pF |

## Notes:

1) Functional tests are conducted in accordance with MIL-STD-883 with the following input test conditions: VIH $=$ VIH $(\mathrm{min})+$ $20 \%,-0 \%$; VIL $=$ VIL(max) $+0 \%,-50 \%$, as specified herein, for TTL, CMOS, or Schmitt compatible inputs. Devices may be tested using any input voltage within the above specified range, but are guaranteed to VIH(min) and VIL(max).
2) Per MIL-PRF-38535, for current density $<=5.0 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{amps} / \mathrm{cm} 2$, the maximum product of load capacitance (per output buffer) times frequency should not exceed $3,765 \mathrm{pF} / \mathrm{MHz}$.
3) Supplied as a design limit but not guaranteed or tested.
4) Not more than one output may be shorted at a time for maximum duration of one second.
5) Guaranteed by characterization but not tested.
6) Power dissipation specified per switching output.
7) Capacitance measured for initial qualification and when design changes may affect the value. Capacitance is measured between the designated terminal and VSS at frequency of 1 MHz and a signal amplitude of 50 mV rms maximum.

## 8 5.0V DC Characteristics

(VDD $=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V},-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}<\mathrm{Tc}<+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); Unless otherwise noted, Tc is per the temperature range ordered
Table 16. 5V DC Electrical Characteristics Table

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | MIN | MAX | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T+ }}$ | Positive going input voltage threshold ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | $0.7 * V_{\text {D }}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T- }}$ | Negative going input voltage threshold ${ }^{1}$ |  | $0.3 * V_{\text {DD }}$ |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Hysteresis Voltage Range |  | 0.3 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Low-level output voltage ${ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 0.25 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High-level output voltage ${ }^{2}$ | $\mathrm{IOH}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}-0.25$ |  | V |
| IIN | Input leakage current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ or GND | -1 | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Ios | Output Short Circuit Current ${ }^{3,4}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | -300 | +300 | mA |
| IoL | Low level output current (sink) ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OL}}=0.4 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | 12 |  | mA |
| Ioh | High level output current (source) ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{I N}=V_{D D} \text { or } V_{S S} \\ & V_{O H}=V_{D D}-0.4 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | -12 |  | mA |
| Ioz | Output Three-State Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {DD }}$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SS }}$ | -5 | +5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {DDQ }}$ | Quiescent Supply Current Pre-Rad (Device Type 01 \& 02) | $\begin{aligned} & V_{I N}=V_{D D} \text { or } V_{S S} \\ & V_{D D}=V_{D D} M A X \end{aligned}$ |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | Quiescent Supply Current Post-Rad (Device Type 01) |  |  | 25 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | Quiescent Supply Current Post-Rad (Device Type 02) |  |  | 130 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {total }}$ | Power dissipation ${ }^{\text {5,6 }}$ | $C_{L}=78 \mathrm{pF}$ |  | 3.5 | $\mathrm{mW} / \mathrm{MHz}$ |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input capacitance ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | 15 | pF |
| Cout | Output capacitance ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | 15 | pF |

## Notes:

1) Functional tests are conducted in accordance with MIL-STD-883 with the following input test conditions: VIH $=$ VIH $(\mathrm{min})+$ $20 \%,-0 \%$; VIL $=$ VIL $(\max )+0 \%,-50 \%$, as specified herein, for TTL, CMOS, or Schmitt compatible inputs. Devices may be tested using any input voltage within the above specified range, but are guaranteed to VIH(min) and VIL(max).
2) Per MIL-PRF-38535, for current density $<=5.0 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{amps} / \mathrm{cm} 2$, the maximum product of load capacitance (per output buffer) times frequency should not exceed $3,765 \mathrm{pF} / \mathrm{MHz}$.
3) Supplied as a design limit but not guaranteed or tested.
4) Not more than one output may be shorted at a time for maximum duration of one second.
5) Guaranteed by characterization but not tested.
6) Power dissipation specified per switching output.
7) Capacitance measured for initial qualification and when design changes may affect the value. Capacitance is measured between the designated terminal and $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{SS}}$ at frequency of 1 MHz and a signal amplitude of 50 mV rms maximum.

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## 9 AC Electrical Characteristics

( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V},-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}<\mathrm{Tc}<+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); Unless otherwise noted, Tc is per the temperature range ordered For Devices procured with a total ionizing dose tolerance guarantee, the post-irradiation performance is guaranteed at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ per MIL-STD-883 Method 1019, Condition A up to the maximum TID level procured.

Table 17. AC Electrical Table for the 1F99S D-Flip Flop

| Symbol | Parameter | VDD | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL1 }}$ | CLK1 $\uparrow$ - to 1Q | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 21.5 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 16 | ns |
| tPLH 1 | CLK1 - to 1Q | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 19.5 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 14 | ns |
| $\mathrm{tPLH2}$ | $/ \mathrm{PRE} 1 \downarrow$ to 1Q | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 20 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 14 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL2 }}$ | $/ \mathrm{CLR1} \downarrow$ to 1Q | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 23 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 17 | ns |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {MAX }}$ | Maximum clock frequency | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 46 | MHz |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 62 | MHz |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {SU1 }}$ | A1-D1 setup time before CLK1 $\uparrow$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 7 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 5 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{tsu2}$ | /PRE1 or /CLR1 inactive Setup time before CLK1 $\uparrow$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 2 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 2 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Data hold time after CLK1 $\uparrow$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 0 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 0 |  | ns |
| $t_{\text {w } 1}$ | Minimum pulse width CLK1 high or low | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 6 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 4.5 |  | ns |
| $t_{\text {w2 }}$ | Minimum pulse width /PRE1 or /CLR1 low | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 5 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 4.5 |  | ns |

$\left(V_{D D}=3.0 \mathrm{~V}\right.$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V},-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}<\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}<+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); Unless otherwise noted, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}$ is per the temperature range ordered

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Table 18. AC Electrical Table for the 1L99S Transparent Latch

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tPLH 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CLK2=H; } \\ & \text { A2 - D2 TO 2Q } \end{aligned}$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 21.5 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 16 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL1 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{CLK} 2=\mathrm{H} \\ & \mathrm{~A} 2-\mathrm{D} 2 \mathrm{TO} 2 \mathrm{Q} \end{aligned}$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 24.5 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 17.5 | ns |
| $\mathrm{tPLH2}$ | CLK2 个 TO 2Q | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 19 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 14 | ns |
| $\mathrm{tPHL2}$ | CLK2 $\uparrow$ TO 2Q | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 21.5 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 16 | ns |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\text {MAX }}$ | Maximum clock frequency | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 46 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 62 | ns |
| tsu | Data setup time before CLK2 $\downarrow$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 8 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 5.5 |  | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Data hold time after CLK2 $\downarrow$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 0 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 0 |  | ns |
| tw | Minimum pulse width CLK2 $\uparrow$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 6 |  | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V | 5 |  | ns |

Table 19. AC Electrical Table for both the1L99S Transparent Latch and the 1F99S D-Flip Flop

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Minimum | Maximum | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tpzL | OEEn low to nQ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 12.5 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 9 | ns |
| tPzH | OEEn low to nQ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 14 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 10 | ns |
| tPLz | OEn high to nQ three-state | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 12 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 10 | ns |
| tPHz | OEn high to nQ three-state | 3.0 V to 3.6 V |  | 16.5 | ns |
|  |  | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 13 | ns |

## UT54ACS2S99S



Figure 3. Equivalent Test Circuit
Note:

1) $\mathrm{CL}=78 \mathrm{pF}$ minimum or equivalent (includes scope probe and test socket). Measurement of data output occurs at the low to high or high to low transition mid-point, typically VDD/2.


1F99 D Flip Flop
Figure 4. 1F99 D Flip Flop Timing Diagram

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## Notes:

1) $V_{R E F}=V_{D D} / 2$
2) $C_{L}=78 \mathrm{pF}$ or equivalent (includes test jig and probe capacitance).
3) $I_{\text {SRC }}$ is set to -1.0 mA and $I_{\text {SNK }}$ is set to 1.0 mA for $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PHL }}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PLH }}$ measurements
4) Input signal from pulse generator: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} ; \mathrm{f} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\mathrm{tR}=1.0 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$; tr $=1.0 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$; tr and tf shall be measured from $0.1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ to $0.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and from $0.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ to $0.1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$, respectively.
5) Equivalent test circuit means that DUT performance will be correlated and remain guaranteed to the applicable test Circuit, above, whenever a test platform change necessitates a deviation from the applicable test circuit.

## 1L99 Transparent Latch




Figure 51 L99 Transparent Latch Timing Diagram.


Figure 6 Output Enable and Disable Timing Diagrams.

## Notes:

1) $V_{\text {REF }}=V_{D D} / 2$
2) $C_{L}=78 \mathrm{pF}$ or equivalent (includes test jig and probe capacitance).
3) Isrc is set to -1.0 mA and $\mathrm{I}_{\text {snk }}$ is set to 1.0 mA for $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PhL }}$ measurements
4) Input signal from pulse generator: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=0.0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} ; \mathrm{f} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}$; $\mathrm{tR}=1.0 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$; tr $=1.0 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{ns}$; tr and tf shall be measured from $0.1 \mathrm{~V}_{D D}$ to $0.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ and from $0.9 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$ to $0.1 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{DD}}$, respectively.
5) Equivalent test circuit means that DUT performance will be correlated and remain guaranteed to the applicable test Circuit, above, whenever a test platform change necessitates a deviation from the applicable test circuit.

Dual, Sequential, ManyGate Configurable Logic Gate

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Figure 7. 20-lead Ceramic Flatpack

## Notes:

1) All exposed metalized areas must be gold plated over electrically plated nickel per MIL-PRF-38535.
2) The lid is electrically connected to VSS.
3) Lead finishes are in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535.
4) Dimensions symbology is in accordance with MIL-PRF-38535.
5) Lead position and coplanarity are not measured
6) ID mark symbol is vendor option: No Alphanumerics.

## 10 UT54ACS2S99S Sequential ManyGate Logic Gate



## Notes:

1) Lead finish ( $A, C$, or $X$ ) must be specified.
2) If an " $X$ " is specified when ordering, then the part marking will match the lead finish and will be either " $A$ " (solder) or " $C$ " (gold).
3) Prototype flow per CAES Manufacturing Flows Document. Tested at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ only. Lead finish is GOLD ONLY. Radiation neither tested nor guaranteed.
4) HiRel Temperature Range flow per CAES Manufacturing Flows Document. Devices are tested at $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, room temp, and $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Radiation neither tested nor guaranteed.

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## 11 UT54ACS2S99S Sequential ManyGate Logic Gate: SMD



## Notes:

1) Lead finish ( $A, C$, or $X$ ) must be specified.
2) If an " $X$ " is specified when ordering, part marking will match the lead finish and will be either " $A$ " (solder) or " $C$ " (gold).
3) Total dose radiation must be specified when ordering. QML Q and QML V not available without radiation hardening. For prototype inquiries, contact factory.
4) Device Type 02 is only offered with a TID tolerance guarantee of $1 \mathrm{E} 6 \mathrm{rads}(\mathrm{Si})$ and is tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883 Test Method 1019 Condition A and section 3.11.2. Device type 01 is only offered with a TID tolerance guarantee of 1E5 rads( $\mathrm{Si} \mathrm{i}, 3 \mathrm{E} 5 \mathrm{rads}(\mathrm{Si})$, and 5 E 5 rads( Si ), and is tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883 Test Method 1019 Condition A.

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## Data Sheet Revision History

| REV | Revision Date | Description of Change | Page(s) | Author |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 0.1 .0 | $7 / 15$ | Posted Advanced Datasheet |  | Massey |
| 0.2 .0 | $10 / 15$ | Table 9-10-11 edits to existing logic diagrams. Page 1 Added <br> to Introduction. | $1-6-7-8$ | Massey |
| 0.3 .0 | $12 / 15$ | Added Device Type 02 to the DC Characteristics table and <br> order information. Corrected and added Note numbers to <br> order information. | $10-11-17-18$ | Massey |
| 0.4 .0 | $1 / 16$ | Replaced Figure 3 | QML Q \& V qualified | 3 |

Datasheet Definitions

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Advanced Datasheet | CAES reserves the right to make changes to any products and services <br> described herein at any time without notice. The product is still in the <br> development stage and the datasheet is subject to change. <br> Specifications can be TBD and the part package and pinout are not final. |
| Preliminary Datasheet | CAES reserves the right to make changes to any products and services <br> described herein at any time without notice. The product is in the <br> characterization stage and prototypes are available. |
| Datasheet | Product is in production and any changes to the product and services <br> described herein will follow a formal customer notification process for form, <br> fit or function changes. |

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